

DENGUE: Islamabad’s Report (13 September 2025)

Table 1: A total of **25** dengue cases were reported from various Union Councils and sectors across Islamabad, **14** of these patients are hospitalized. In response, Dengue Surveillance Teams, in coordination with the District Administration, promptly conducted field visits to the affected areas. These efforts resulted in the identification of confirmed hotspots and the immediate initiation of targeted case response measures.

Patients’ summary			
Total Patients in 24 Hours	Patients from Rural areas	Patients from Urban areas	Patients admitted in Hospital
25	18	07	14

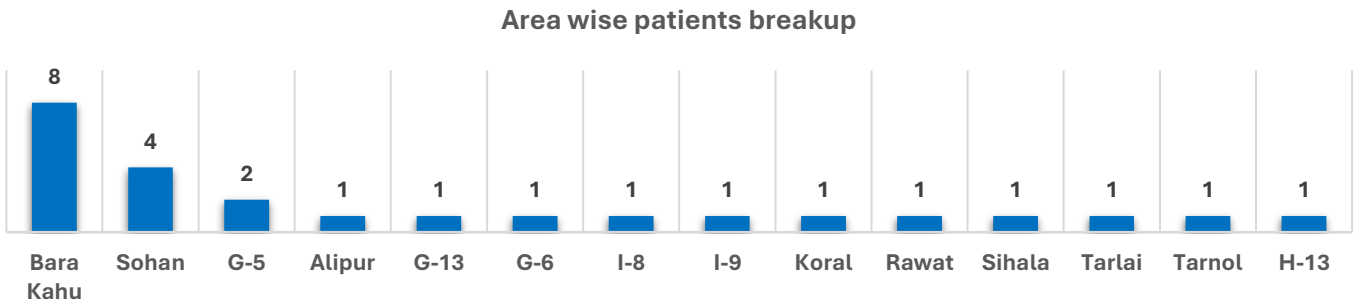


Table 2: As part of a comprehensive survey conducted across various Union Councils and sectors of Islamabad, the Dengue Surveillance Teams, in collaboration with the District Administration, carried out field visits that led to the identification of confirmed dengue hotspots.

Administrative Summary		
Total Inspections	Positive	Negative
486	15	20

15 positive hotspots have been reported to the concerned Assistant Commissioners for necessary administrative measures. Strict actions were taken for commercial sites against Dengue Prevention & Control.

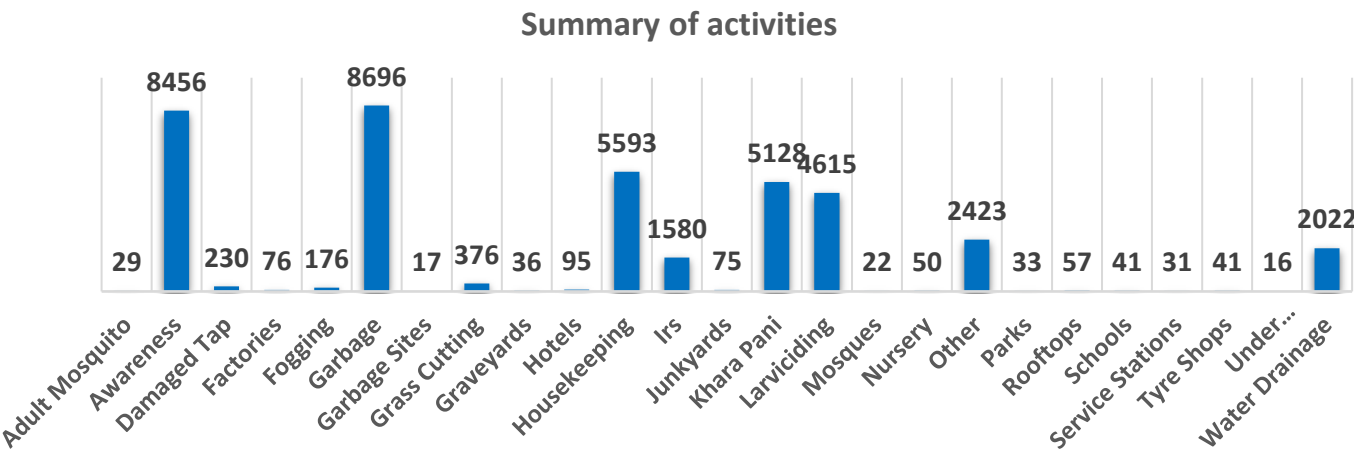


Figure 1: Summary of activities

Figure 1: A total of **40,000 activities** were conducted across Islamabad, including visits to identified hotspots. These activities encompassed a range of interventions such as larvicide, social awareness campaigns, and indoor residual sprays. Active Aedes mosquito breeding sites were

identified and eliminated to disrupt the transmission cycle. Additionally, homes of **27** confirmed dengue patients across Islamabad were addressed, with over **1129** surrounding residences sprayed. This coordinated effort significantly strengthened vector surveillance and control in high-risk areas.

Fogging Activities in Islamabad

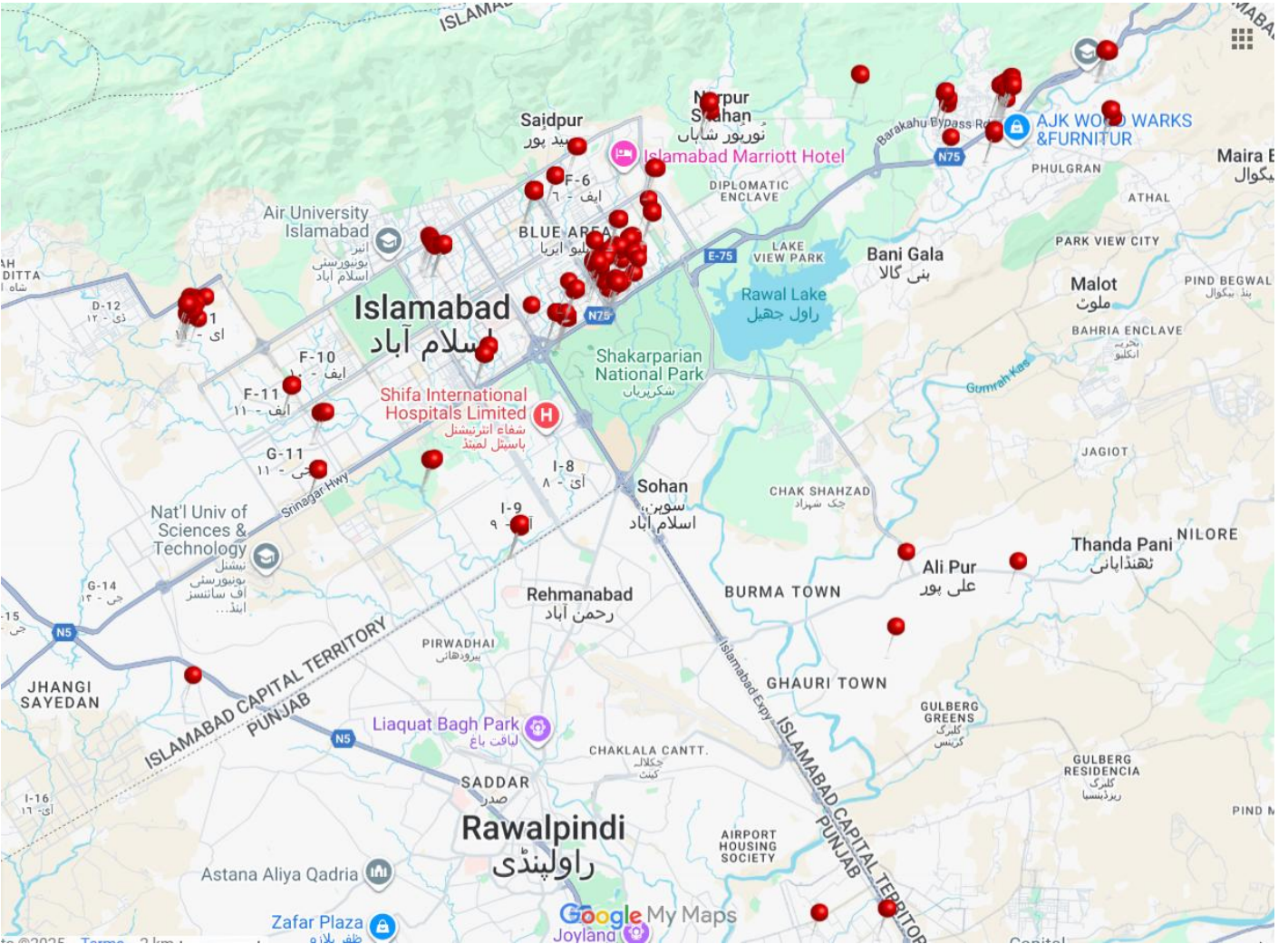


Figure 2: Fogging activity map

Figure 2: A total of **176** sites fogging activities were carried out across Islamabad as part of the ongoing efforts to control the spread of dengue. These operations were strategically implemented in high-risk areas, including identified hotspots and locations with reported cases, to effectively target and reduce the adult mosquito population. The extensive fogging campaign reflects the commitment of the health authorities and district administration to ensuring public safety and minimizing the risk of further transmission.